Version 2.1 Revision Date 09.07.2015

Print Date 11.07.2015

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	AeroShell Grease 7
Product code	:	001A0065

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	: Synthetic grease for aircraft., For further details consult the AeroShell Book on www.shell.com/aviation.	
Uses advised against	: This product must be used, handled and applied in accordance with the requirements of the equipment manufacturer's manuals, bulletins and other documentation. This product must not be used in applications other than thos listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.	se

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	 Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom
Telephone Telefax	: (+44) 08007318888
Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	 If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Skin sensitisation , Category 1 Chronic aquatic toxicity , Category 3 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Version 2.1	Revision Date 0	9.07.2015	Print Date 11.07.2015
Hazard pictograms :			
Signal word :	Warning		
Hazard statements :	H317	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physic according to CLP criteria HEALTH HAZARDS: May cause an allergic sk ENVIRONMENTAL HAZ	in reaction.
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life wi effects.	th long lasting
Precautionary statements :	Prevention: P273 P280	Avoid release to the envi Wear protective gloves/ peye protection/ face protection/	protective clothing/
	Response: P302 + P352 P333 + P313	IF ON SKIN: Wash with p If skin irritation or rash or advice/ attention.	
	Storage:	No precautionary phrase	S.
	Disposal: P501	Dispose of contents/ con approved waste disposal	

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Contains N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine.

Sensitising components : Contains phenothiazine.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

: Synthetic oil grease thickened with clay, containing additives.

Hazardous components

Version 2.1

Revision Date 09.07.2015

Print Date 11.07.2015

	1	1	1
Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.	(REGULATION	[%]
	Registration	(EC) No	
	number	1272/2008)	
N-phenyl-1-	90-30-2	Acute Tox.4; H302	1 - 2.4
naphthylamine	201-983-0	Skin Sens.1B;	
		H317	
		STOT RE2; H373	
		Aquatic Acute1;	
		H400	
		Aquatic Chronic1;	
		H410	
Phenothiazine	92-84-2	Acute Tox.4; H302	0.25 - 0.99
	202-196-5 / 01-	Skin Sens.1B;	
	2119488529-19	H317	
		STOT RE2; H373	
		Aquatic Acute1;	
		H400	
		Aquatic Chronic1;	
		H410	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
		When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Version 2.1	Revision Date 09.07.2015	Print Date 11.07.2015
	 Skin sensitisation (allergic skin reaction may include itching and/or a rash. Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms of black pustules and spots on the skin Ingestion may result in nausea, vomitin Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed tissue damage a few hours following inj 	may include formation of exposed areas. g and/or diarrhoea. l onset of pain and jection.
4.3 Indication of any immediate me	edical attention and special treatment n	needed
Treatment	: Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.	
	High pressure injection injuries require intervention an d possibly steroid therap damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and d seriousness of the underlying damage, determine the extent of involvement ma anaesthetics or hot soaks should be av can contribute to swelling, vasospasm a surgical decompression, debridement a foreign material should be performed up anaesthetics, and wide exploration is estimated	py, to minimise tissue o not reflect the surgical exploration to ay be necessary. Local oided because they and ischaemia. Prompt and evacuation of nder general

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising from	the substance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting	: Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Revision Date 09.07.2015

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. 6.1.2 For emergency responders: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	Personal precautions	5,1
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6.2 Environmental precautions

d	Jse appropriate containment to avoid environmental ontamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, itches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate arriers.
---	--

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	:	Shovel into a suitable clearly marked container for disposal or
		reclamation in accordance with local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions	 Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	3
Advice on safe handling	 Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage,	ncluding any incompatibilities
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.

Version 2.1	Revision Date 09.07.2015	Print Date 11.07.2015
Storage temperature	: -50 - 50 °C	
	Refer to section 15 for any additiona covering the packaging and storage	
	The storage of this product may be s Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Re guidance may be obtained from the agency office.	gulations. Further
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or or steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	container linings, use mild
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not a temperatures because of possible ris	

7.3 Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

Version 2.1

Revision Date 09.07.2015

Print Date 11.07.2015

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne

concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Due to the product's semi-solid consistency, generation of mists and dusts is unlikely to occur.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection	:	If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.
Hand protection		
Remarks	:	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

rsion 2.1	Revision Date 09.07.2015	Print Date 11.07.20
	For continuous contact we recomm breakthrough time of more than 24 for > 480 minutes where suitable g short-term/splash protection we rec recognize that suitable gloves offer may not be available and in this ca time maybe acceptable so long as and replacement regimes are follow a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically depending on the glove make and	to minutes with preference gloves can be identified. For commend the same, but ring this level of protection ase a lower breakthrough appropriate maintenance wed. Glove thickness is not ce to a chemical as it is on of the glove material. y greater than 0.35 mm
Skin and body protection	: Wear chemical resistant gloves/ga risk of splashing, also wear an apro	
Respiratory protection	: No respiratory protection is ordinar conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial precautions should be taken to avoid If engineering controls do not main concentrations to a level which is a health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and mee Check with respiratory protective e Where air-filtering respirators are s appropriate combination of mask a Select a filter suitable for combined and vapours [Type A/Type P boilin meeting EN14387 and EN143.	hygiene practices, bid breathing of material. atain airborne adequate to protect worker in equipment suitable for the eting relevant legislation. equipment suppliers. suitable, select an and filter. d particulate/organic gases
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Hygiene measures	: Exposure to this product should be reasonably practicable. Reference Health and Safety Executive's pub Essentials".	should be made to the
Environmental exposure co	ontrols	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfi relevant environmental protection I contamination of the environment I Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent u being discharged to waste water. V treated in a municipal or industrial before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits	legislation. Avoid by following advice given in indissolved material from Waste water should be waste water treatment plant

Version 2.1	Revision Date 09.07.2015	Print Date 11.07.2015
	must be observed for the discharge vapour.	of exhaust air containing

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	Semi-solid at ambient temperature.
Colour	:	light brown
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
Drop point	:	>= 260 °CMethod: Unspecified
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Data not available
Flash point	:	>= 215 °C Method: ASTM D92
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	:	> 1estimated value(s)
Relative density	:	0.966 (15 °C)
Density	:	966 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: Unspecified
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	negligible
Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C

Version 2.1	Revision Date 09.07.2015	Print Date 11.07.2015
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a	static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
10.5 Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products		

Hazardous decomposition :	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form
products	during normal storage.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and
	the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a

Version 2.1		Revision Date 09.07.2015	Print Date 11.07.2015
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	whole, rather than for individual component Skin and eye contact are the primary routes although exposure may occur following acc	s of exposure
Acute toxicity			
Product:			
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:	
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalatio normal conditions of use.	n hazard under
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For skin sensitisation:, Expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Remarks: For respiratory sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Components:

N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Phenothiazine:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Revision Date 09.07.2015

Print Date 11.07.2015

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification	
N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine	No carcinogenicity classification.	
Phenothiazine	No carcinogenicity classification.	

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

 Version 2.1
 Revision Date 09.07.2015
 Print Date 11.07.2015

 Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.
 Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

 Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.
 Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

 Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment
 : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Product:		,
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be harmful: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/I
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be harmful: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be harmful: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available

800001016180

GB

Revision Date 09.07.2015

	<u>Components:</u> N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine :		
	M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	1
12.2	2 Persistence and degradability	y	
	Product:		
	Biodegradability	:	Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.
12.3	Bioaccumulative potential		
	Product:		
	Bioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)
12.4	Mobility in soil		
	Product:		
	Mobility	:	Remarks: Semi-solid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.
12.5	Results of PBT and vPvB ass	es	sment
	Product:		
	Assessment	:	This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
12.6	Other adverse effects		
	Product:		
	Additional ecological information	:	Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities., Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

Revision Date 09.07.2015

GB

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Waste catalogue	
	EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):
Waste Code	: 12 01 12*
Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
	Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the end user.
	Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.2 Proper shipping name		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
15 / 19		800001016180

Version 2.1	Revision Date 09.07.2015	Print Date 11.07.2015		
RID IMDG IATA	 Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good 			
14.3 Transport hazard class				
ADR RID IMDG IATA	 Not regulated as a dangerous good 			
14.4 Packing group				
ADR RID IMDG IATA	 Not regulated as a dangerous good 			
14.5 Environmental hazards				
ADR RID IMDG	 Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good 			
14.6 Special precautions for use	er			
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter for special precautions which a user needs to comply with in connection with	eds to be aware of or		
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code				
Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions	 Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable 			
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk	shipments by sea.		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

	REACH - List of substances sul (Annex XIV)	bject to authorisation	: Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.
	Volatile organic compounds	: 0%	
	Other regulations	her regulations : Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health a Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 19 Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Ac 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goo and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendme Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of	
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rsion 2.1	Revision Date 09.07.2015	Print Date 11.07.2015
	Substances Hazardous to Health Re amended). Merchant Shipping (Dang Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Repor and Dangerous Occurrences Regula Personal Protective Equipment Regu Protective Equipment at Work Regu Waste (England and Wales) Regular Control of Major Accident Hazards R amended). Renewable Transport Fu (as amended). Energy Act 2011. En (England and Wales) Regulations 20 (England and Wales) Regulations 20 Planning (Hazardous Substances) A regulations. The Environmental Prot Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regu	gerous Goods and Marine ting of Injuries, Diseases ations 1995 (as amended). ulations 2002. Personal lations 1992. Hazardous tions 2005(as amended). Regulations 1999 (as tel Obligations Order 2007 vironmental Permitting 010 (as amended). Waste 011 (as amended). Act 1990 and associated tection (Controls on
The components of	this product are reported in the following inve	entories:
EINECS TSCA	: All components listed or polymer exe : All components listed.	empt.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	Classification procedure:
Skin sensitisation, Category 1, H317	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 3, H412	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.

Full text of H-Statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity	
Aquatic Acute	Acute aquatic toxicity	
Aquatic Chronic	Chronic aquatic toxicity	
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation	
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	
Abbreviations and Acro	nyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.	

Version 2.1	Revision Date 09.07.2015	Print Date 11.07.2015
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	
	ADR = European Agreement concerni	ng the International
	Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Roa	
	AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemic	
	ASTM = American Society for Testing	
	BEL = Biological exposure limits	
	BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenz	zene, Xylenes
	CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service	
	CEFIC = European Chemical Industry	
	CLP = Classification Packaging and L	abelling
	COC = Cleveland Open-Cup	
	DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level	
	DNEL = Derived Norman Effect Level	
	DSL = Canada Domestic Substance L	ist
	EC = European Commission	
	EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty	
	ECETOC = European Center on Ecoto	oxicology and
	Toxicology Of Chemicals	
	ECHA = European Chemicals Agency	
	EINECS = The European Inventory of	Existing Commercial
	Chemical Substances	
	EL50 = Effective Loading fifty	
	ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals	
	IARC = International Agency for Rese	arch on Cancer
	IATA = International Air Transport Ass	
	IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty	
	IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty	
	IMDG = International Maritime Danger	rous Goods
	INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory	
	IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test m	
	determination of polycyclic aromatics I	
	KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inve	entory
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.	
	LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Lo	ading/Inhibitory loading
	LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty	ading, initiationy reading
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships	
	NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect C	oncentration / No
	Observed Effect Level	
	OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - H	
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative an	
	PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chem	nicals and Chemical
	Substances	
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentr	
	REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Chemicals	
	Unernicais	

Version 2.1	Revision Date 09.07.2015	Print Date 11.07.2015
	RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	
Further information		
Other information	: A vertical bar () in the left margin inc from the previous version.	dicates an amendment

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.